CUMULATIVE INDEX 1996

Volume 19

March MOOD DISORDERS, pages 1–178
June TREATMENT-RESISTANT DEPRESSION, pages 179–412
September CONSULTATION-LIAISON PSYCHIATRY, pages 413–637

December EATING DISORDERS, pages 638-882

Note: Page numbers of issue and article titles are in boldface type.

Abstinence, in Overeaters Anonymous versus Alcoholics Anonymous, 831, 837

Abuse, of psychostimulants, 540–541 Acanthocytosis, in anorexia nervosa, 664 Acetazolamide, in refractory depression, 339

Addiction, to psychostimulants, 540–541 Adjustment, of pediatric cancer survivors, 482–483

Adolescent, response to serious illness, 487 Advocates, patient, for eating-disorder treatment, under managed care, 801–802

Affective disorders. See also Bipolar disorder.

anorexia nervosa in, 847 bulimia nervosa and, 853 eating disorders and, 647 five-factor model of, 116–118 lowa 500 study of, 89–90 long-term naturalistic studies of (Zurich), 89

neuroimaging studies of, in adults, 261 in children, 262–263 treatment-resistant, clozapine for, 242 versus mood disorders, DSM-III and,

78-79
Affectivity, mood state and trait dimensions and, 114 positive and negative, state versus trait in, 18-19

Age, psychiatric sequelae of serious childhood illness and, 486–487 Aggression, eating disorder expression of, feminist and psychoanalytical perspectives on, 823 Alcoholism, treatment-resistant depression in, 319

Alprazolam, in premenstrual dysphoric disorder, 363–364

response to, in double-blind studies, 189 Alternative Criteria B for Dysthymic Disorder, DSM-IV appendix, 8–9, 42–43, 48, 112–113

Alternative therapies, in chronic fatigue syndrome, 567 Amenorrhea, in anorexia nervosa, 644–645,

672 persistent, 675–676

in athletes, 648–649 Amitriptyline, for anorexia nervosa, 747 Amphetamine, chemistry and

pharmacology of, 516–518 drug interactions with, 537 for depressed medically ill patient.

for depressed medically ill patient, usage history, 520–521

history and evolution of use, 515 Amylase, in eating disorders, 666 Anemia, in anorexia nervosa, 664 Anger, psychotherapy and, 301 Anorexia nervosa, amenorrhea in,

persistent, 675–676 as coping strategy, 715 assessment of, nutrition in, 702–703 biologic models of, 746

cardiovascular findings in, 662 cognitive-behavioral therapy for, 715– 737

aims of, 716–717 assessment in, 719–725 assumptions in, 715–716 cognitive restructuring in, 730–731 Anorexia nervosa (Continued) collaboration and motivation in, 717coping strategies and contingencies in, cost-benefit analysis in, 721, 723-725 formulations in, food phobia, 721, 725 interpersonal deficits in, 725 interpersonal problems in, 731-732 monitoring food intake and context in, 720-722, 735-736 problem-solving in, 727-729, 736-737 relapse-prevention in, 733-734 review of functioning in, 719-720 stages in, first, 716-731 second, 731-734 treatment in, 725-731 weight restoration in, 725-727 comorbidity studies of, 846-849 affective disorders in, 847 anxiety disorders in, 847-848 personality disorders in, 848-849 substance abuse in, 848 complications of, pulmonary, 662 electrocardiographic abnormalities in, electroconvulsive therapy for, 749-750 endocrine aspects of, 670-673 gastrointestinal findings in, 663 hematology in, 663-664 historical perspective on, 657-658 incidence of, by case register studies and hospital records, 682-688 case detection and, 681, 684 male:female ratio of, 688 nutritional care in, dietary calcium in, 705-706 enteral or parenteral support in, 704 goals and strategies of, 704-705 hospital-based regimen, 703-706 patient education in, 705 zinc supplementation in, 705-706 osteopenia and osteoporosis in, 673-674 osteopenia in, 673-674 outcome studies of, 844-846 mortality in, 844-845 predictors of outcome, 846 recovery in, process of, 846 rates of, 844 relapse and chronicity in, 845-846 pharmacotherapy for, 745-750 antidepressants in, 746-747 clonidine in, 749 cyproheptadine in, 748 lithium in, 749 medical considerations in, 749-750 metoclopramide in, 749 neuroleptics in, 748-749 side effects of, 749-750

psychotherapy for, 746

treatment of, managed care limitations on, medical sequelae of, 797 revolving door phenomenon with, weight loss in, 646 with coexistent diabetes mellitus, 676 Antiarrhythmics, in chronic pain, 597-598 Anticonvulsants, in chronic pain, 597 in treatment-resistant depression, 392in bipolar disorder, 220-221 with selective serotonin reuptake inhibitors, 278-279 Antidepressant(s). See also Pharmacotherapy; specific drug or class, e.g. Fluoxetine; Tricyclic antidepressants (TCAs). dosage adequacy of, treatment-resistant depression and, 238-239 high-dose, 380, 388-392 in binge-eating disorder, 766-767 in bipolar disorder, 218-220, 223-224 in bulimia nervosa, 741-743 inadequate response to, 742-743 medical considerations with, 744-745 side effects of, 744-745 in chronic pain, 596-597 in combination therapy anxiolytics and, 232 bupropion plus SSRI, 392 lithium and, 232 moclobemide plus SSRI, 392 tricyclic antidepressants plus monoamine oxidase inhibitors, 377-378, tricyclic antidepressants plus selective serotonin reuptake inhibitors, 381-382, 391-392 in depression with personality disorder, 296-297 in double depression, 122-124 in elderly patients, 274-277 in fibromyalgia, 353-355 in heart transplantation patients, 624 in medical illness with depression, 331in psychotic depression, treatment-resistant, 237, 239, 244-245 in rheumatoid arthritis, 580 new, bupropion, 509-510 clonazepam and psychotropic drug interactions and, 503 cytochrome P450 enzymes and psychopharmacology and, 496-503 fluoxetine, 504 fluvoxamine, 495-496, 504, 506-507 nefazodone, 507-509 selective serotonin reuptake inhibitors, 495-496 use in medically ill patient, 495-514

venlafaxine, 506–507 nonresponders to, dosage and plasma concentrations and, 373–374 duration of treatment and, 372–373 high-dose therapy for, 380 response to, 127–129

partial versus nonresponse, 181–182 predictors of, 184–186 personality and, 292–294

predictors of, 293

rates in double-blind studies, 187–193 Antiglucocorticoids, in treatment-resistant depression, 394–395

psychotic-type, 245–246 Antihistamines, delirium and, 439 Anxiety, as sudden cardiac death risk, 615–616

in chronic fatigue syndrome, 553–554 in chronic pain patient, 593 in depression, of bipolar disorder, 232

treatment response in, 185 in heart disease patients, 622–623 psychotherapy and, 300

Anxiety disorders, anorexia nervosa and, 746, 847–848

bulimia nervosa and, 740, 746, 853–854 eating disorders and, 647

Appetite suppressants, in binge-eating disorder, 767 long-term therapy with, 767–768

Appropriateness of treatment, in managed care, 797

Asian cultures, anorexia nervosa in, 696 Athletes, amenorrhea in, 848–849 eating disorders in, 648–649

Atlantic Province of Canada (Stirling County) Study, of depression and anxiety, 90–91

Attitude, in bulimia nervosa, of client and nutritionist, 710

Attributions chronic fatigue syndrome

Attributions, chronic fatigue syndrome and, 560

Atypical facial pain, antidepressants in, 361

Ballet students, eating disorders and, 695–696

Beck Depression Inventory, in binge-eating disorder, 765

Behavior, change of current, 162 Beliefs, chronic pain and, 599–600

illness, chronic fatigue syndrome and, 567

loss of, in women with eating disorders, 781–782

Benzodiazepines, in atypical facial pain, 361 in chronic pain, 598 refractory depression and, 316 Binge eating, definitions of, 641, 643 gastrointestinal consequences of, 666–

Binge episode, definition of, 706 Binge-eating disorder, assessment and treatment of, 761–772

assessment of, associated features in, 763–764

eating history in, 764–765 obesity in, 764

psychological dimension in, 765-766 treatment history in, 766

criteria for, 761–763 DSM-IV, 761, 763

treatment of, combination cognitive-behavior therapy-medication for, 768 psychopharmacotherapy for, 766–768 psychotherapy for, 768–769 traical patient with 761–762

typical patient with, 761-762 Biopsychosocial model, pharmaco/

psychotherapy and, 152 Bipolar disorder, characteristics of, 216–217 chronic, in DSM-IV, 38–39

treatment-resistant depression in, 215-

acute episodes of, 217
assessment of, 226
chronic, 217
cycle frequency in, 217–218
diagnosis of, 227–228
mood charts in, 226, 228
nonpharmacologic treatment of, 222
harmacotherapy for, 218–224, 229

pharmacotherapy for, 218–224, 229, 232 treatment selection, staging, algo-

rithms in, 223–226, 231 treatment strategies in, 223–224 multiphase, 224–230 phase-specific, 230–231

variants of, diagnosis of, 372 Bipolar/cyclothymic disorder, 33–34 chronic depression versus, 34–35

Body, ownership of, eating disorders and, feminist and psychoanalytic perspectives on, 816–818

Body image disturbances, in eating disorders, 644

posttraumatic, in women with eating disorders, 779

Bone marrow suppression, in bulimia nervosa, 663

Borderline personality disorder, posttraumatic, in women with eating disorders, 780

with bulimia nervosa, 740–741

with treatment-resistant depression, in women, 293–294 psychotherapy for, 301–302 Bradycardia, in anorexia nervosa, 660, 662 Brain imaging, in chronic fatigue syndrome, 559

Brief psychotherapy, in chronic fatigue syndrome, 566–567

in depression, 622 Bromocriptine, in treatment-resistant depression, 339, 396

Bulimia nervosa, assessment in, nutritional, 706–707

cognitive-behavioral approach to, 707–

comorbidity studies of, 852–855 affective disorders in, 853 anorexia nervosa in, 855 anxiety disorders in, 853–854 impulse-related disorders in, 854 personality disorders in, 854 substance abuse in, 854 complications of, pulmonary, 662

historical perspective on, 658 incidence of, by case register studies and hospital records, 685–688

nutrition intervention in, 707–710 dietary counseling in, 708 goals and principles of, 707

osteopenia/osteoporosis in, 673 outcome studies of, 849–855

predictors of outcome in, 852 recovery in, definition of, 849–850 duration of follow-up and, 850 process of, 852

sample type in, 850–851 relapse and chronicity of, 851–852 outpatient management of, 707

pharmacotherapy for, 740-745 antidepressants in, 741-743 comorbid psychiatric disorders and,

740-741

maintenance, 743–744 phenytoin in, 743

psychotropic medications in, 743 side effects and medical considerations with, 744–745

Bulimic Cognitive Distortion Scale, 646 Bulimorexia, 659

Bulimorexia, 659
Bupropion, in chronic fatigue syndrome
with depression, 355

in geriatric patients, 276-277 in heart disease patient, 621

in medically ill patient, 509–510

in psychotic depression, 244–245 response to, in double-blind studies, 191

side effects of, 510 with selective serotonin reuptake inhibi-

Buspirone, in augmentation strategies, 390–391

in delirium, 442

in premenstrual dysphoric disorder, 364

Caffeine, refractory depression and, 317 Calcium, dietary, in anorexia nervosa, 705 Calcium-channel blockers, in chronic headache syndromes, 598

Cancer, adult survivors of childhood, psychiatric sequelae in, 482–483

Cancer patients, psychostimulants in, 338, 525–527

Capitation, and managed care, for eating disorders, 802

Carbamazepine, in neuropathic pain, 597 in treatment-resistant depression, 393 versus neuroleptics, in psychotic depression, 243

Cardiovascular accident, depression following, psychostimulants for, 527–528

Cardiovascular disease(s), congestive heart failure, confounding mental and physical symptoms in, 618

coronary artery disease, anxiety and, 615–616

depression and, 616–617 Type A behavior and hostility and, 614–617

denial in, 619

new treatments and associated problems in, defibrillators, 624–625

heart transplantation, 624

left ventricular assist devices, 625–626

patient issues in, 617–619 psychiatric aspects of, 613–629

anxiety, 622–623 delirium, 623–624 depression, 619–622

patient problems, 617–624

relationship problems in, 619 with depression, antidepressants in, 333–335

Cardiovascular system, abnormalities in, chronic fatigue syndrome and, 558 adverse effects in, from psychostimulant drugs, 539–540

Case, criteria for, 681, 684

Case management, in managed care, 798 in managed care company, provider alliance with, 801

CBT. See Cognitive-behavioral therapy (CBT). CDS. See Collaborative Depression Study (CDS).

Central nervous system, adverse effects in, from psychostimulant drugs, 539

Characterologic-spectrum disorder, depression in, 106–107

Child abuse, posttraumatic sequelae in women, alterations in systems of meaning, 781–782

bodily shame and body image disturbance, 779

dissociative symptoms and syndromes, 777–778

disturbances in affect regulation, 775-776 biologic aspects of, 776 impulse-control disorders, 777 personality pathology, 779-781 self-multilation, 776-777 somatization, 778-779 treatment of, family interventions, 784 giving back in, 785 group therapy, 783-784 individual psychotherapy in, 782-783 pharmacotherapy for, 784 sexual, eating disorders following, 773-Child(ren), as extension of mother, 818 dysthymic disorder in, symptomatology of. 45 Child(ren) and adolescents, affective disorders in, neuroimaging studies of,

treatment-resistant depression in, definition of, 253 family studies of, 257–259 pharmacotherapy studies of, 254–256 psychosocial impairments in, 259–260 psychotherapy studies of, 256 Chlorpromazine, in delirium, 441

Cholinergic system, in delirium, 437–438 Chronic depression. See also *Unipolar depression*.

and depressive personality, as disorder, 110

classification of, 109–110 dimensional models of affective structure and, 113–118

en:pirical relationship between, 111– 113 combination treatment of, 155

clinical and empirical reasons for, 155 in double depression, 156 provider of, 167–168 rationale for, 168

regular meetings and communication in, 168–169

strategies in, determination of, 166– 167 matching or prescriptive, 166

sequential model, 165 differential diagnosis of, associated medi-

cation condition in, 32 in DSM-IV, 32-39

major depressive disorder versus dysthymic disorder and, 35–36 versus bipolar/cyclothymic disorder,

34–35

versus personality disorder, 35 versus psychosis, 34 versus substance-induced mood disorder, 33 episodes of, treatment-resistant, 160 in DSM-III, classification of, 29–30 in DSM-IV, case examples of, 37–38 differential diagnosis of, 32–39 dysthymic disorder versus, 30–31 major depressive disorder versus, 30–31 nosology of, 30–31

nosology of, 30–31 subtypes of, 37

individual psychotherapy for, efficacy studies of, 161

recommendations for, 161–162 management of, 183–184, **201–213** pharmacotherapy for

in chronic depression, 127–129 in double depression, 122–124 in dysthymia, 124–127 long-term maintenance, 128–129

predictors of response to, 127–128 recommendations for, 129–130 studies of, 121–132

types and definitions of, 122 Chronic depressive disorders, 29–39, 55–71, 121–132

conceptualization of, 104–109 differential diagnosis of, 13–14, 55–71 clinical course features and, 59 clinicians versus researchers and,

59–63 diagnostic specificity in, 56–59 DSM-II and, 56 DSM-III and, 56–57 DSM-III-R and, 58–59 DSM-IV Mood Disorders Field Trial and, 63–64

facilitation of, 63–68 in unipolar depression, 59–67 lifetime course profile in, 67–68 structured interview in, 65 structured retrospective recall in, 65–67

Chronic fatigue syndrome, 549–573 antidepressants in, 355 assessment in, 563–564 biopsychosocial, 565 exclusion of organic disease in, 563 identification of psychiatric syndromes in, 563–564

patient characteristics in, 564 case definition of, 551–555 issues for, 552–555 case description in, 564–565 diagnosis and formulation in, 564 exercise therapy for, 566 fatigue and, as illness, 550

as symptom, 549–550 future directions in, 568 heterogeneous versus homogeneous, 555 management of, 563–568

potential problems in, 567

Chronic fatigue syndrome (Continued) multidimensional classification of, 555– 556

nature and cause of, 549–562 biopsychosocial conceptualization of, 561–562

hypothetical model of, 562

overlaps in, with medically unexplained syndromes, 553

with psychiatric syndromes, 553-555 pharamcotherapy for, 566

poor prognosis patients and, 568 problem of medically unexplained illness and, 550–551

psychotherapy for, 566–567

research in, for objective evidence of impairment, 556–557

for psychopathology, 559-561 pathophysiology of, 557-559

service utilization in, 568

treatment of, 565-568 utility as diagnosis, 562

Chronic mood disorders, 1–28, 103–120,

and depressive personality, 103–120 chronic depression and, 109–118 conceptualizations of, 104–109 discussion of, 118–119 distinction between 103–104

distinction between, 103–104 pharmaco/psychotherapy for, 22–24, 151–171. See also *Pharmaco/psycho-*

Chronic pain, antiarrhythmics for, 597–598 anticonvulsants for, 597

antidepressants for, 596-597 anxiety and, 593

beliefs and, 599-600

benzodiazepines for, 598

cognitive-behavioral therapy for, 599 depression and, 592-593

opioids for, 595-596

pain disorder definition and, 590-591

self-efficacy and, 600 somatization and, 591-592

substance use and, 594 treatment of, by consultation-liaison psychiatrists, 594-604

multidisciplinary pain center in, 602–604

multidisciplinary versus interdisciplinary, 603

patient classifications and, 601–602 pharmacologic, 595–598 psychological, 599–602

Chronic Pain Self-Efficacy Scale, 600 Chronicity, of affective disorders, 89–90 of major depression, measures of, 87–88

Cingulotomy, in treatment-resistant depression, 399

Clomipramine, in anorexia nervosa, 747

Clonazepam, psychotropic drug interactions with, 503

Clonidine, in anorexia nervosa, 749 Clozapine, in psychotic depression,

treatment-resistant, 240–242 Cocaine abuse, treatment-resistant depression in, 319–320

Cognitive distortions, in anorexia nervosa, diet and, 702

in eating disorders, 641, 645–646 Cognitive function, chronic fatigue

syndrome and, 556 Cognitive impairment, in general medical

sector, length of stay and, 469 Cognitive restructuring, in anorexia nervosa, 730–731

Cognitive-behavioral therapy (CBT), antidepressant response and, 292–293,

description of, 136-137 in anorexia nervosa, 715-737

in chronic fatigue syndrome, 567 in chronic mood disorders, 21

in dysthymic disorder, 136–139 in eating disorders, nutrition and, 707–

in treatment-resistant depression, 398 outcome studies of, in double depression, 139

in dysthymic disorder, 137-138 response to, 137, 139

Cognitive-behavioral therapy-medication combination, in bulimia nervosa, 755–760

literature review of, 756-757 models for, 758-759

patient selection for, 757–768 treatment sequencing in, 758 Collaboration, of therapist and anorexia

nervosa patient, 717–719 Collaborative Depression Study (CDS),

92–100 common themes and findings in, 100 comparators in, 93–94

design of, 93

historical review of, 93-94

Longitudinal Interval Follow-up Evaluation interview in, 92–93

major depression at intake, functional outcomes in, 96–98 10-year course of, 95–96

nonclinically ascertained group in, 93-94 predictors of course in, 98-99

recovery and recurrence in, 94 subjects in, 92

Comorbidity studies, of anorexia nervosa, 846–849

of bulimia nervosa, 852-855

Competency determination, in terminallyill patient, legal standards for, 420-421

psychiatrist role in, 420-422 Complete blood count, in eating disorders, 663-664

Compliance, with rheumatoid arthritis treatment, 581

Confusion, in systemic lupus erythematosus, 582, 584

Confusion Assessment Method (CAM), in delirium assessment, 435 Constipation, during refeeding, 669

Consultation-liaison, intervention models, for general hospital, 471

Consultation-liaison psychiatry in managed care, 449-466. See also Managed care.

consultation-liaison psychiatry in, history of, 450

models of, 451

recommendations for, 462-464 training in, 450-451

managed care, ethical issues and legal liability in, 458-462 goals and organization of, 452-454

mechanisms of, 454-457 Contracting, between managed care companies and providers, 800

Control, through eating disorders, for body ownership, 816-818 Coping, definition of, 600

with chronic fatigue syndrome patient, 560-561

with chronic pain, 600-601 with psychiatric sequelae of serious childhood illness and, 487-488

with rheumatoid arthritis, 578 Coping strategies, anorexia nervosa as, 715 in anorexia nervosa treatment, 727-728

Coronary artery disease, psychiatric and psychological factors in, anxiety, 615-616

depression, 616-617

Type A behavior and hostility in, 614 Cortex, in delirium, 436

Corticosteroids, for systemic lupus erythematosus, 584-585

Cortisol, excess, in eating disorders, 672 Cost-benefit analysis, of anorectic behaviors, 721, 723-725

Course, descriptors of, for dysthymia and recurrent major depression, 63-64 longitudinal, modifiers of, 81-82

of major depression, population-based studies of, 90-92

predictors of, 98-99 10-year, 85-86

profile of lifetime, in differential diagnosis of double depression, 67-68

Criterion variance, unreliability and, 77 Culture, eating disorders and, feminist and psychoanalytic perspectives on, 814-815

Cyclophosphamide, in systemic lupus erythematosus, 585

Cyproheptadine, in anorexia nervosa, 747-748

Cytochrome P₄₅₀ enzyme(s), CyP₄₅₀IID6 isoenzyme, 496-500

CyP₄₅₀IIIA3/4, 500-501

psychopharmacology and, drug biotransformation reactions, 496-497 in poor metabolizers, 498-499 selective serotonin reuptake inhibitor inhibition in, 499-500

tricyclic antidepressants and, 499-500 Cytochrome P₄₅₀IID6 isoenzyme, cardiac drug-selective serotonin reuptake inhibitor interactions, 621

Cytokines, delirium and, 439

Damocles' syndrome, in childhood cancer survivors and families, 482-483 DAMP. See Dextroamphetamine (DAMP). Defibrillators, psychiatric problems associated with, 624-625

Delirium, advances in diagnosis, pathophysiology, treatment, 429-448 after cardiac surgery, 623 drug interactions and, 623-624 assessment of, 434-435 diagnostic criteria for, general medical

condition and, 432

in DSM, DSM-II, DSM-III, DSM-III-R, DSM-IV, 431-433

features of, 429 hallucinations in, 433-434 in children and adolescents, 431 in elderly, 430-431

in general medical inpatient sector, length of stay and, 469

in systemic lupus erythematosus, 583neuropathophysiology of, 436-437

neurotransmission in, 437-438 phenomenology of, 433-434 risk factors for, hypoalbuminemia, 430

in elderly, 431 thiamine deficiency, 430

treatment of, environmental manipulation in, 439-440

pharmacologic, 440-442 Delirium Rating Scale (DRS), 434-435

Dementia, in systemic lupus erythematosus, 583-584 Denial, of cardiac disease, 619

Depression. See also Major depressive disorder (MDD).

as coronary artery disease risk, 616-617 atypical, psychopharmacologic treatment of, 339-340

Depression (Continued) bipolar, 38–39 brief, recurrent, 9–10

bulimia nervosa and, 853

chronic, **29–39**, **55–71**, **121–132**. See also *Chronic depression*.

Collaborative Depression Study of, 92– 100. See also Collaborative Depression Study (CDS).

competency determination in, 421 double. See Double depression.

historical perspective on, 104–105 in adolescent survivors of pediatric cancer, 484

in anorexia nervosa, 746 in bulimia nervosa, 740, 746

in children and adolescents. See also Child(ren) and adolescents, treatmentresistant depression in.

in chronic fatigue syndrome, 553

in chronic pain patient, 592–593 in general medical sector, in patient, length of stay and, 469

in heart disease patients, 619–622 brief psychotherapy for, 622

bupropion and, 621 trazodone and, 621–622

in patient heart disease patients, selective serotonin reuptake inhibitors for, 620-621

in primary outpatient care, cognitive-behavioral intervention for, 476 impact of, 472

outcome studies of, 472-474 in rheumatoid arthritis, 579

in systemic lupus erythematosus, 582, 584

in terminally ill patient, 422-423 assisted suicide request and, 422-423

major, 41–53, 88–102. See also Major depression; Major depressive disorder (MDD).

minor episode of, 9-10 poststroke, 527-528

psychopathologic factors in, 559-561 psychotic, 229-230

research criteria for, 92-93, 109

steroid-induced, in transplant patients, 336-337

treatment outcome in, primary care physician versus mental health professional, 473-474

treatment-resistant. See Treatment-resistant depression.

tricyclic antidepressants for, in patient with heart disease, 619–620 unipolar, 14, 60

Depression Time Line, in differential diagnosis, 65-67

Depressive neurosis, DSM-II, 109

Depressive personality disorder, 103–120. See also Chronic depression, and

See also Chronic depression, an depressive personality.

DSM-IV criteria for, 18, 110

historical perspective on, 17–18

Desipramine, effect on social impairment,

in binge-eating disorder, 766–767

in chronic depression, 130

in double depression, 20 in dysthymia, 126

versus placebo, 124–125

long-term therapy with, response to, 128–129

with cognitive-behavioral therapy, in bulimia nervosa, 756–757

Developmental arrest, adult, feminist and psychoanalytical perspectives on, 821–822

Dexamethasone, in treatment-resistant depression, 395

Dextroamphetamine (DAMP), chemistry and pharmacology of, 518–519 dosing of, 536–537

following head injury, 533-534 in cancer patients, 526-527

in combination therapy, with monoamine oxidase inhibitors, 340

in HIV-positive and AIDS patients, 530-532

in medically ill, depressed patients, 338, 340

in medical/surgical patients, 523–524 in multisystem disease patients, 522–523 in rehabilitation patients, 521–522 narcotic analgesia synergy with, 535 poststroke, 528–529

Diabetes mellitus, with depression, 332-333

Diagnostic and Statistical Manual-IV (DSM-IV) Mood Disorders Field Trial, assessments in, 3–4

design of, 2-3

interviewers in, training of, 4

interviewing in, 4–5 issues addressed in, 1–

issues addressed in, 1–2 results of, 5–10, 24–25

brief depression, minor and recurrent and, 9-10

course modifiers for major depressive disorder, 5–6

dysthymic criteria, 79

subjects in, 3 summary of, 1–28

Diagnostic Interview for Depressive Personality (DID-P), in DSM-IV Mood Disorders Field Trial, 4

DID-P (Diagnostic Interview for Depressive Personality), in DSM-IV Mood Disorders Field Trial, 4 Dietary counseling, in bulimia nervosa, 708

Dieting behavior, and Western acculturation, 696–697 epidemiology of, 693–695

Disability, chronic fatigue syndrome patient and, 567–568

Dissociative syndromes, in women, following child abuse, 777–778

Dopaminergic agents, in treatmentresistant depression, 396

Dopaminergic system, in delirium, 437–438 Double depression, course of, features of, 60–61

definition of, 122 DSM-III-R, 57-58

differential diagnosis of, 13-15 longitudinal course modifiers and, 82

reliability and validity of assessment and, 83 pharmacotherapy for, 122–124

symptomatology of, 12–13 treatment studies of, 122–124 Droperidol, in delirium, 441–442

DRS (Delirium Rating Scale), 434–435 Drug interactions, after cardiac surgery, 623–624

in medically ill, depressed patient, 331 with psychostimulants, 537-538

Duration. See Course.

Dysfunctional attitudes scale (DAS), 289 Dysthymic disorder, 41–53, 133–149 and depressive personality, dimensional

models of affective structure and, 113–118 empirical relationship between, 111–

113 pharmacotherapy for, 124–127

in double depression, 122–124 chronic depression as, 133–134 criteria for, DSM-III, 1–2, 41–42, 79, 111–

DSM-III-R, 2, 7, 12, 41-43, 111-112 DSM-IV Alternative Criteria B for Dysthymic Disorder, 8-9, 42-43, 48, 112-113

DSM-IV Field Trial, 7–8, 12–13, 111–

historical, 12-13

definition of, 41, 122

diagnosis of, DSM-IV Field Trial reliability study of, 81

symptom criteria effect on, 51–52 diagnostic specificity of, course patterns in, 57

in DSM-II, 56

in DSM-III, 56 in DSM-III-R, 58-59

treatment outcomes in, 57 differential diagnosis of, 60-62 need for academic-clinical synthesis in, 62–63

major depressive disorder versus, 35-36 nosology of, 30-31

pharmacotherapy for, 124-127 response rates and, 127

psychotherapy for, 133–149

brief, 143-144

follow-up assessment of, 145-146 in maintenance treatment, 144-145

outcome studies of, 135-143 clinical recommendations, 143-146

discussion of, 142–143 for combined therapies, 142, 144

methodologic issues in, 135-136 serial treatment data in, 141-142

rationale for, 134

versus pharmacotherapy for, 134-135 with interpersonal focus, 144

with pharmacotherapy, 145 rates of specific symptoms in, 43-48

research criteria for, 31 subaffective type, 106–107

subtypes and specifiers of, 36-37 symptom lists for, validity of, 45-47

symptoms in, criteria for, 41–43, 48 effect on diagnosis, 51–52 rates of specific, 43–48

treatment of, efficacy of, 61–62 versus major depression, DSM-III and, 109–110

versus major depressive disorder, 11–12, 30–31

symptom differences in, 48-51

Eating Disorder Examination, in bingeeating disorder, 765

Eating disorders. See also Anorexia nervosa; Bulimia Nervosa.

assessment of, anthropometric measurements in, 647

eating behavior in, 641 exercise history in, 644

for binge-eating and purge behavior, 641, 643-644

nonbulimic causes of, 646-647 for body image disturbance

menstrual history in, 644 questionnaires and interview in, 645– 646

weight history in, 640-642

atypical, 650

case formulation for, 650 comorbid disorders in, medical, 647

psychiatric, 647

Type I diabetes mellitus, 676 comorbidity and outcome in, 843–859 differential diagnosis of, 659 Eating disorders (Continued) electrolytes in, 665-666 endocrinologic aspects of, 670-672 laboratory studies for, 672-673 epidemiology of, 681-700 binge-eating disorder and, 697 case detection in, 681, 684 case register studies in, 682-688 dieting behavior and, 693-695 in special populations, 695-696 longitudinal studies in, 689, 692-693 two-stage studies in, 688-690 two-stage studies of, population studies versus, 689-690 gastrointestinal signs and symptoms in, treatment of, 668-670 guide to medical evaluation and complications of, 657-679 hematology in, 663-664 historical perspective on, 657-658 in athletes, 648-649 amenorrhea and, 648-649 screening for, 649 in female childhood sexual abuse victims, 773-774 in women, childhood trauma and complex posttraumatic sequelae in, 773infertility and, 650 initial assessment and early treatment of, 639-655 laboratory evaluation in, 663 laboratory evaluation of, endocrinologic, 672-673 medical history in, 658-659 nutritional management of, 701-713 pharmacotherapy for, 739-754 physical examination in, 660-663

dysthymic disorder in, symptomatology of, 45 frail, 279-280 Electroconvulsive therapy (ECT), for anorexia nervosa, 749-750 in cardiovascular disease with depression, 335 in treatment-resistant depression, 397in bipolar disorder, 221-222 in elderly patient, 279 in gastrointestinal disorders, 338 in renal disease, 335 psychotic-type, 238, 240 with personality disorder, 297 Electrolytes, abnormalities of, in eating disorders, 665-666 Energy requirements, in anorexia nervosa, 702-703 Epidemiologic Catchment Area (ECA) Program, population-based study of major depression, 91-92 Epilepsy, psychostimulants in, 534 Ethical issues, in managed care, 458-462 confidentiality, 460 physician-patient relationship, 460-461 society and, 458, 460 Ethical obligations, in psychiatric care, 458 Exercise, amenorrhea and, 648 response to, chronic fatigue syndrome and, 556 Exercise therapy, in chronic fatigue syndrome, 566 Extrapyramidal side effects, of selective serotonin reuptake inhibitors, 505 Face validation, of psychiatric diagnostic criteria, 74 head, eyes, ears, nose, throat findings Family, and treatment response, in major

depression in, treatment-resistant, 269-

depressive disorder in children, 257-259

of seriously ill child, psychiatric problems of, 483-484, 486

treatment-resistant depression and, in children and adolescents, 257-259 mood hygiene and, 227

Family interventions, for abused women, with posttraumatic eating disorders,

Family therapy. See also Family/marital therapy

in chronic mood disorders, 23 Family/marital therapy, education in patient's disorder and, 164-165 problem-centered, 163-164 response to, 162-163

integration of twelve-step and traditional psychotherapies in, 829-840 weight loss in, nonanorexic medical causes of, 646 ECA (Epidemiologic Catchment Area Program), population-based study of

psychobiologic influences in, 739-741

treatment of, choice of site and approach

psychosomatic model of, 639-640

major depression, 91-92

Elderly, delirium in, 430-431

cardiovascular, 662

gastrointestinal, 663

in. 660-661

pulmonary, 662

subsyndromal, 650

vital signs in, 660

commitment to, 651 early options, 651

treatment phase of, 164 types of, 163 with pharmacotherapy, for chronic depression, 154, 157

Fatness, attitude toward, 693–695

Fears, in anorexia nervosa, 717–718 Fibromyalgia, antidepressants in, 353–355 Five-factor model of affective disorders, 116–118

Fluid retention, in bulimia nervosa, 708-709

Fluoxetine, drug interactions with, 502 hematologic effects of, and drug interactions, 504

in anorexia nervosa, 748

in binge-eating disorder, 767

in bulimia, 651

in bulimia nervosa, 741-742

in dysthymia, 20 versus placebo, 125–126

in geriatric patients, 276

in hepatic and renal disease, 505 in premenstrual dysphoric disorder, 331–332, 364

side effects of, 504

with cognitive-behavioral therapy, for bulimia nervosa, 757

Fluoxetine plus desipramine, in treatmentresistant depression, 206–207 Fluvoxamine, drug interactions with, 502,

505–506 hematologic effects of, and drug interac-

tions, 504 Folate deficiency, in anorexia nervosa, 664 Food phobia, in anorexia nervosa, 721, 725 treatment of, 725–731

GABA-ergic system, in delirium, 438 Gastric bloating, during refeeding, 668 prokinetic agents for, 669

Gastrointestinal disorders, depression in, antidepressants for, 338 Gastrointestinal tract, adverse effects on, of

psychostimulant drugs, 539–540 complications in, causes of, 666–667 in anorexia nervosa, 703 signs and symptoms of, 666–667, 703

treatment of, 668–670

Gender, as organizer of behavior, eating disorders and, feminist and

psychoanalytic perspectives on, 815–816

Glutamate, delirium and, 439

Group therapy, for abused women, with posttraumatic eating disorders, 783–784

for posttraumatic sequelae of child abuse, 783-784

Hallucinations, in delirium, 433–434 Haloperidol, in delirium, 440 combined with lorazepam, 440–441 pediatric, 441 postcardiac surgery, 623

Head, eyes, ears, nose, and throat examination, in eating disorders, 660-661

Head injury, psychostimulants in, 533–534 Heart transplantation, psychiatric problems associated with, 624

Hepatic disease, depression in, antidepressants for, 335–336

Heterocyclic agents, high-dose therapy with, 388

HIV, psychostimulants in, 336HIV-positive and AIDS patients,pychostimulants in, 530–532OutputDescription</p

Homework assignments, in individual psychotherapy, 162

Hospitalization, for anorexia nervosa, 651 Hostility, as coronary artery disease risk, 614

Human immunodeficiency virus-positive and acquired immunodeficiency disease syndrome patients. See HIVpositive and AIDS patients.

Hypermetabolic thyroid treatment, in treatment-resistant depression, bipolar-type, 222

Hyperthyroidism, depression in, 332 Hypoglycemia, in anorexia nervosa, 672 Hypotension, in anorexia nervosa, 660 Hypothalamus, abnormal functioning of, in anorexia nervosa, 671

Hypothermia, in anorexia nervosa, 660 Hypothyroidism, depression in, 331–332 Hysteroid dysphoria, 106–109

Imaging studies, in affective disorders, 261–263, 262

Imipramine, in binge-eating disorder, 767 in chronic depression, 130

in double depression, versus phenelzine in, 124

versus placebo in, 122–123 versus sertraline in, 123–124

in dysthymia, versus ritanserin versus placebo in, 125–126

long-term therapy with, response to, 128 with cognitive-behavioral therapy, for bulimia nervosa, 756

Immune dysfunction, chronic fatigue syndrome and, 558

Impulse-control disorders, bulimia nervosa and, 855

in bulimia nervosa, 855

in women, following child abuse, 777

Impulse-control disorders (Continued) posttraumatic, in women with eating disorders, 777

Infertility, eating disorder screening and, 650

Information variance, unreliability and, 77 Inositol, in treatment-resistant depression, 393

Interpersonal deficits, in anorexia nervosa, 725

treatment of, 731–732 Interpersonal psychotherapy (IPT), description of, 139–140 in chronic mood disorders, 21–22 in dysthmymic disorder, 139–141, 144 pilot data from, 140–141

Introversion, depressive disorders and, 289 Iowa 500 study, of chronicity in affective disorders, 89–90

Ipecac use, by bulimia nervosa patients, 706–707

IPT. See Interpersonal psychotherapy (IPT).
Iron-deficiency anemia, in anorexia nervosa, 664

Irritable bowel syndrome, antidepressants in, 357–359

Ketoconazole, in treatment-resistant depression, 394-395 psychotic-type, 245-246 Kleptomania, in eating-disorders, 855 Knowledge, subjective, eating disorders and, 819-820 Kraepelin, 88, 104

Lamotrigine, in treatment-resistant depression, 393

Laureate Program, leaderless organization and, 839

philosophy of, 832–834 empowerment in, 834 mature interdependency in, 833 patient in, 834

readiness factor in, 833-834 tolerance in, 833

uniqueness in, 833 12-step philosophy in, advantages of, 837–838

disadvantages of, 838-839 structure of, 834-835

day program in, 835 individual psychotherapy in, 836 12-step component of, 835–836

thirteenth step problem in, 839 Laxative abuse, gastrointestinal sequelae of, 667-668 treatment of, 669-670

Left ventricular assist devices, psychiatric problems associated with, 625–626 Legal liability, in managed care, 462

Leukopenia, in anorexia nervosa, 663 Levels of care, in managed care, 797–798 Life stress, and depression with

personality disorder, 290–291 Lifetime course profile, in differential diagnosis of double depression, 67–68

Light therapy. See *Phototherapy*. Lithium carbonate, cardiac effects of, 622 in anorexia nervosa, 749

in augmentation therapy, with antidepressants, 206

with monoamine oxidase inhibitors, 378–379

with selective serotonin reuptake inhibitors, 382

with tricyclic antidepressants, 375 in bipolar disorder, 220, 223–224, 229, 232

in children aged 6-12, 255-256 in geriatric patients, 278

Liver function, in eating disorders, 666 Longitudinal course modifiers, for mood disorders, DSM-IV Field Trial reliability study of, 81-82

L-Tryptophan, for bulimia nervosa, 743 in monoamine oxidase inhibitor augmentation, 380

Magnesium, deficiency of, in eating disorders, 665

Magnetic resonance imaging (MRI), in affective disorders, 261–263

Maintenance therapy, in chronic depression, 128–129 in chronic mood disorders, 85–87 in dysthmic disorder, 144–145 in major depression, 160–161

Major depression, 85–102. See also Major depressive disorder (MDD).

chronic, definition of, 122 clinical studies of, 88-90

course of, population-based studies of, 90–92

diagnosis of, DSM-IV Field Trial reliability study of, 81

diagnostic specificity of, DSM-III-R, 57–58

maintenance therapy for, 160–161 manic-depression, in Kraepelin, 88 recovery, chronicity, psychopathology

in, 16–17, **85–102** clinical, 88–90

Collaborative Depression Study and, 92–100. See also Collaborative Depression Study (CDS). definition of terms in, 87 functional outcome of, 91–92 historical review of, 88–91 long-term course of, 85–87 measures of chronicity and, 87–88 naturalistic study of, 86 population-based study of, 90–91 selection bias in, 86–87 treatment of, 99

Major depressive disorder (MDD), 41–53. See also Major depression.

after myocardial infarction, mortality and, 617

alcoholism correlation with, 257–258 case examples of, 37–38

dysthymic disorder versus, symptoms and, 48–51

in children, treatment response in, 257-259

in chronic fatigue syndrome, 553 in chronic pain patient, 592 in Collaborative Depression Study, 94 in primary outpatient care, impact of,

longitudinal course modifiers in, in DSM-IV Mood Disorders Field Trial, 5–6

nosology of, 30-31

subtypes and specifiers of, 36 versus dysthymic disorder, 35-36

symptomatology and, 12-13 Major depressive episode, criteria for, 79

Managed care, aim of, 798 ethical issues in, acute psychiatric illness and, diagnosis and treatment of, 458–459

for consultation-liaison psychiatry, 461-462

least cost versus best treatment, 460 patient confidentiality versus review organizations, 460

patient loss of choice, 461

physician as gatekeeper versus patient advocate, 460–461

reparative tasks postdischarge, 458-459

social control, 458

outpatient, 799

substance abuse treatment, 458 goals of, 452-454

in eating-disorder treatment. See also Toronto Day Hospital Group Treatment Program.

day treatment model for, 803–809 in treatment of eating-disorders, attitudes of clinician and, 799 authorization for care and, 798–799 centers of excellence, 799–800 continuum of care and, 799–800 contracting, 800

recommendations for future, 799–800 strategies for negotiating with, 800– 802

legal issues, 462

mechanisms in, benefit redesign and restructuring, 455

capitation, 455

carve-outs and consultation-liaison psychiatry, 458-459

medical necessity for treatment, 455 prevention, 455

objectives of, 454-455

organizational models of, 453-454

recommendations for providers and facilities, 798–799

reductions in, cost, 455–456 of need for services, 455 of treatment variation, 455 price, 455

terminology in, 797-798

treatment of eating-disorder patient and, 793-810

effect of limitations on outcomes, 796–797

practice guidelines versus treatment limitations, 793–795 Mania, treatment-emergent, 219–221,

223–224

Manic episode, in DSM-III, 79 MDD. See Major depressive disorder (MDD).

Meaning, alterations in systems of, in women with eating disorders, 781–782 Medical inpatient sector, psychiatric

disorders in, impact of, 468–469 intervention in, 470–471 recognition of, 470

Medical necessity, in managed care, 797 Medical Outcomes Study (MOS) (Rand), in DSM-IV Mood Disorders Field Trial, 4 of major depressive disorder and dysthy-

mia, 91–92 Medical outpatient sector, psychiatric disorders in, identification and course of, 473–474

impact of, 471-473

intervention studies of, 474-476

Medically ill patient, treatment-resistant depression in, 329–350

drug interactions in, 331 in diabetes mellitus, 332-333

in gastrointestinal disorders, 338–339 in hepatic disease, 335–336

in HIV, 336

in malignancy, 337-338

in neurologic disease, 337 in renal disease, 335

in respiratory insufficiency, 338 in thyroid disease, 331–332

in transplantation patients, 336–337

interrelationship in, 329-330

Medically ill patient (Continued) misdiagnoses in, 330–331 treatment algorithms in, 341–342 treatment response in, 185–186

Medically unexplained illness, medical approach to, 551

problem of, 550-551 psychiatric approach to, 551

Medication/psychotherapy combination treatment of chronic mood disorders, 151-171. See also Pharmaco/psychotherapy.

Medications, in the treatment of eating disorders, 739–754

Melancholia, in elderly patients, 274 Mental status, medication toxicity and, 618 Metabolic acidosis, from vomiting, in eating disorders, 666

Methylphenidate (MPD), chemistry and pharmacology of, 519–520 dosing of, 536–537

following head injury, 533-534 in cancer patients, 526-527

in cancer patients, 526–527 in elderly, in rehabilitation hospital, 523 in subacute care facility, 521

in HIV-positive and AIDS patients, 530-532

narcotic analgesia synergy with, 535 poststroke, 528–529

Metoclopramide, in anorexia nervosa, 749 Mexiletine, in chronic pain, 597-598 Mianserin, response to, in double-blind studies, 189, 191

Micronutrients, abnormalities in, in bulimia nervosa patients, 707

Migraine, psychotropic prophylaxis of, 356–357

treatment-resistant depression and, 355– 357 Minor depressive disorder, description of,

9–10

Mitral valve prolapse, in anorexia nervosa,

662
Moclobemide in atypical depression

Moclobemide, in atypical depression, 339–340

in dysthymia, versus imipramine versus placebo for, 125–126 with selective serotonin reuptake inhibi-

tors, 392 Monitoring, of food intake and context, in anorexia nervosa treatment, 720–722,

735–736 Monoamine oxidase inhibitors (MAOIs), adjunctive, in unipolar and chronic depression, 206–207

high-dose therapy with, 389 in atypical facial pain, 361

in gastrointestinal disorders with depression, 338–339

in geriatric patients, 275

in irritable bowel syndrome, 359 in treatment-resistant depression, 205 augmentation of, cautions with, 380–

> with dextroamphetamine, 397 with lithium carbonate, 378–379

with L-tryptophan, 380 with tricyclic antidepressants, 379-

clinical application of, 278 high-dose, 380

underusage of, 377–378 response to, in double-blind studies, 188, 190, 192

Mood, congruence/incongruence of psychosis and, in treatment-resistance, 246–247

cycling of, in bipolar disorder, 217–218, 223, 231

agents promoting, 226–227 Mood charts, in bipolar disorder, 226, 228 Mood disorders, 1–171

chronic, and depressive personality, 17– 19, 24, 103–120

combination pharmaco/psychotherapy for, 22–24, 151–171 nosology of, 11–12, 29–39

psychosocial treatment of, 21–22 differential diagnosis of chronic de-

pressive disorder, 13–15, 55–71 issue overview, 10–28 medical condition-related, 32

pharmacotherapy in treatment of chronic depressive disorders, 19–20,

psychotherapy of dysthymic disorder, 24–25, 133–149

recovery, chronicity, levels of pathology in major depression, 16–17, 85–102 reliability of diagnosis of, 15–16, 73–84 substance-induced, 33

symptomatology in dysthymic and major depressive disorder, 12–13, 41–53

Mood stabilizers, 223-224

Moral behavior, eating disorders and, feminist and psychoanalytical perspectives on, 819–820

Morality, in anorexia nervosa, 844–845 MOS. See Medical Outcomes Study (MOS) (Rand).

Motivation, in anorexia treatment, 717–719 MPD. See *Methylphenidate* (MPD). Multidisciplinary pain center, history of,

602–603 in chronic pain treatment, effectiveness

in chronic pain treatment, effectiveness of, 603–604

methodology of, 602–603 Muscle function, chronic fatigue syndrome and, 556 NA/N (negative affectivity/neuroticism), 114–115

Narcotic analgesia, synergistic with amphetamine, 534–535

Nefazodone, cardiac effects of, 508, 622 drug interactions with, 508–509 gastrointestinal effects of, 508 in cardiovascular disease with depression, 334

in medically ill patient, 507–508 in psychotic depression, 245 response to, in double-blind studies,

191, 193

Negative affectivity/neuroticism (NA/N), 114–115

NEO Personality Inventory Revised (NEO-PI-R), 116–118

Neurasthenia, chronic fatigue syndrome and, 550, 554

Neuroendocrine abnormalities, chronic fatigue syndrome and, 558–559 Neuroendocrine modulators, in treatment-

resistant depression, 394–395 Neuroleptics, in anorexia nervosa, 748–749 in bipolar disorder, 227

in psychotic depression, dosage adequacy of, 238–239, 247

Neurologic disorders, psychotic depression in, clozapine for, 241

Neuroses, chronic depression and, 56 depressive, 109

Neuroticism, depressive disorders and, 289 Neurotransmission, in delirium, 437–438 Nicotine, refractory depression and, 316–317

Nitanserin, in double depression, versus placebo for, 122–123

Noncompliance, after heart transplantation, 624

Nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs), psychiatric side effects of, 579–580

Norfluoxetine, in hepatic and renal disease, 505

Normality, versus chronic depression, 35 Nosology of chronic mood disorders, 29–39

Nutritional management of eating disorders, 701–713

Nutritional rehabilitation of, gastrointestinal complications of, 668

Obsessive-compulsive disorder, anorexia nervosa in, 848 bulimia nervosa and, 853–854 Opiate addiction, treatment-resistant depression in, 319

Opioids, gastrointestinal side effects of,

guidelines for use, 596 in chronic pain, 595–596 safety and effectiveness of, 595 Osteopenia, in anorexia nervosa, 705 in eating disorders, 673–674 in women with eating disorders, treat-

in women with eating disorders, treatment of, 674

Outcome studies, of anorexia nervosa, 844-846

of bulimia nervosa, 849–852 Ovary, in anorexia nervosa, 672

Overeaters Anonymous, abstinence in, 831, 837

PA/E (positive affectivity/estraversion), 114-115

Pain, in children, cancer protocols and, 489 in terminally ill patient, assisted suicide request and, 424–425

perception and tolerance of, with substance abuse, 594

Pain Beliefs and Perceptions Inventory, 600

Pain disorder, Diagnostic and Statistical Manual classifications of, 590–591

Pain management, advances in, 589–611. See also Chronic pain. consultation–liaison psychiatrist in, 589–

psychostimulants in, 534–535 Parkinson's disease, depression in, treatment of, 337

Paroxetine, drug interactions with, 503 in geriatric patients, 275–276 pharmacokinetics of, 500 side effects of, 504

PCSTF. See Problem-centered Systems Therapy of the Family (PCSTF). PD. See Psychotic depression (PD).

Pemoline, chemistry and pharmacology of, 519–520

in combination therapy, with with monoamine oxidase inhibitors, 340 in medically ill, depressed patients, 338,

Perception, of chronic fatigue syndrome patient, 560

Personality, in chronic fatigue syndrome, 561

in coronary artery disease, 614 in rheumatoid arthritis, 577-578

Personality disorders, 34. See also Chronic depression, and depressive personality. anorexia nervosa and, 848–849 attitudinal style and, 289 bulimia nervosa and, 854

bulimia nervosa in, 854

chronic depression and, 56

Personality disorders (Continued) classification of, 288-289 depressive versus chronic depression, 17-18, 35 dysfunctional attitudes and, 289 management of, in twelve-step programs, 839 posttraumatic, in women with eating disorders, 779-781 treatment resistant depression in, 287antidepressant response in, 292-294 life stress and, 290-291 research in, 291-292 treatment plan for, 294-305 assessment feedback to patient, 295coordination in, 303-304 ECT in, 297 initial interview in, 295 pharmacotherapy in, 296-297 psychotherapy in, 297-305 treatment response in, 185 treatment-resistant depression in, 287-Personality structure, dimensional models of positive and negative affectivity and, 113-115 Personality traits, treatment-resistant depression and, 288-289 PET (positron emission tomography), in affective disorders, 261 Pharmaco/psychotherapy, for chronic mood disorders, 22--24, 151-171 efficacy of, 155-156 issues with, pragmatic, 167-169 strategies, 165-167 treatment types, 157-165 potential effects of, 153 rationale for, 152-154 biosocial model of illness, 152 empirical, 153-154 in chronic depression, 155 positive and negative effects of, 153 theoretical, 152 for dysthymic disorder, recommendation for, 145 negative and positive possible effects of,

Pharmacotherapy, for chronic depression,

for chronic depressive disorders, histori-

for chronic mood disorders, agents used

polypharmacy versus monotherapy,

response to, 127-129

in, 122-127, 158-159

159-160

response to, 127-129

social functioning and, 127

cal perspective on, 19-20

dosage and duration and, 160 maintenance therapy and, 160-161

symptom-side effect profile matching and, 159 therapeutic drug monitoring and, 160 treatment-resistant episodes in, 160 for double depression, 122-124 for dysthymic disorder, agents in, 124efficacy of, 61-62 Phenelzine, in chronic depression, longterm therapy with, 128 Phenytoin, in bulimia nervosa, 743 Phobic disorders. See also Food phobia. anorexia nervosa in, 848 Phosphate, deficiency of, in anorexia nervosa, 665 excess of, with vomiting, 665 Phototherapy, in treatment-resistant depression, 398 in bipolar disorder, 222 Physician-assisted suicide, arguments against, abuse potential of, 418-419 psychiatric intervention as alternative to, 417-418 slippery slope danger, 418 legalization of, 413-414, 416 in Oregon and Australia, 414 psychiatric perspective on, 416-420 psychiatrist role in, as gatekeeper, 423palliative care alternative and, 424-425 patient versus psychiatrist value system and, 422 screening for treatable psychiatric disorders, 422-423 with patient, authenticity of request, 421-422 for competency assessment, 420-421 with physicians, 414 tolerance of, 419-420 Pimozide, in anorexia nervosa, 748 Pindolol, in augmentation strategies, 391 Pituitary function, in anorexia nervosa, 671 Polypharmacy versus monotherapy, for chronic mood disorders, 159-160 Positive affectivity/extraversion (PA/E), 114-115 Positron emission tomography (PET), in affective disorders, 261 Posttraumatic stress, following serious illness, in pediatric survivors and families, 484 Potassium, deficiency of, in eating disorders, 665 Prefrontal cortex, in delirium, 436-437 Premenstrual dysphoric disorder, treatment-resistant depression and, Prescription drugs, refractory depression Primary care, mental health disorders in,

treatment outcome of, 473-474

psychiatric disorders in, prevalence of, 471-472

Problem-centered Systems Therapy of the Family (PCSTF), 23, 163–164 Problems, current, in individual

psychotherapy, 162

Problem-solving techniques, in anorexia nervosa treatment, 727–729, 736–737

Prokinetic agents, for gastric bloating, 669 Psychiatric interventions in the medically ill, 467–480. See also Medical inpatient sector; Medical outpatient sector.

criteria for, 468

length of stay and, 468

postdischarge course and, 468–469 Psychiatric sequelae in seriously ill children and their families, 481–493

causes of, 484-486

community beliefs and prejudices, 485-486

developmental disruption, 485 diagnosis, 484

economic and social, 486

overinvolvement of family, 486 treatment and consequences, 484-485

interventions in, family groups, 489 pain and, 489 psychological preparation, 486–487

psychological preparation, 486–487 treatment modification, 489

mediation of, age, 486–487 culture and ethnicity, 488

psychological characteristics and, 487–488

social support, 488 mediators of, 486–488 types of, 482–484

Psychiatry and physician assisted-suicide, 413–427

Psychoanalysis, in dysthmymic disorder, 136

Psychoanalytic theory, of chronic depression, 105–106

Psychodynamic psychotherapy, in dysthymic disorder, 136

Psychoimmunology, in rheumatoid arthritis, 578–579

Psychosis, affective, 229–230 depression in, 237–252

Psychosocial treatment, in chronic mood disorders, 21–22

Psychostimulants, adjunctive to antidepressants, 205

in augmentation therapy, for treatmentresistant depression, 396–397

in cancer patients, 338 in cardiovascular disease, 334

in geriatric patients, 277

in HIV, 336 in medically ill, depressed patients, 340 in renal disease, 335

Psychostimulant(s), amphetamine, 516-518

chemistry and pharmacology of, 516-520

contraindications to, 537 dextroamphetamine, 518-519

dosing of, 536-537

drug interactions with, 537-538

future research directions and, 542 in capper, 525-527

in cancer, 525-527

in elderly, in rehabilitation hospital, 523 in subacute care, 521

safety of, 524 in epilepsy, 534

in head injury, 533-534

in HIV-positive and AIDS patients, 530-532

in medically ill patient, 515-547 efficacy of, 524

safety of, 524 studies of, 520-525

in medical/surgical patients, depressed, 523–524

in pain management, 534–535 in rehabilitation patients, 521–523

inhibition of, 537-538 methylphenidate, 519-520

pemoline, 520

poststroke, 527–529 side effect sensitivity in, 529

potentiation of, 537–538 potentiation of drugs by, 537–538 side effects of, 528, 529, 539–540

tolerance, abuse, addiction and, 540-542 Psychosurgery, in treatment-resistant

depression, 399 Psychotherapy, brief, 143–144, 162 current problems in, 162

feminist psychodynamic, for eating disorders, 811-827

for abused women with posttraumatic eating disorders, 782–783 in children aged 6–12, 256

in children and adolescents, 256

in dysthymic disorder, 133-149 in medically ill, depressed patients, 338,

in posttraumatic sequelae of child abuse, 782–783

in treatment-resistant depression, 398 anger in, 301

anxiety management in, 300 behavioral approach in, 301 borderline personality in, 302

couples in, 300

guidelines for, 297–299 maladaptive beliefs in, 302–303

psychotherapist-pharmacotherapist team in, 303–304

social skills in, 301 stress management in, 300–301 with personality disorder, 297–304

individual, for chronic depression, 161–

Psychotic depression (PD), treatment response in, 185 treatment-resistance in, 237-252 antidepressants for, 238-239, 244-245 antiglucocorticoids for, 245-246 antipsychotics in, 238-239, 240-243 carbamazepine in, 243 combination therapy in, 238 definition of, 238 diagnosis of, 237 ECT in, 238, 240 lithium for, 240 maintenance therapy for, 247 neuroleptics for, 238-239, 247 prevalence and rates of, 237, 247 psychotic features of, 246-247 verapamil for, 245 Psychotic disorders, 34 Psychotic states, in systemic lupus erythematosus, 582, 584

Purging, gastrointestinal consequences of, 667–668 physiologic consequences of, 643–644

RDC. See Research Diagnostic Criteria (RDC).

Recovery from apprevia pervosa 844

Recovery, from anorexia nervosa, 844–846 from bulimia nervosa, 849–851 Recovery, chronicity, levels of pathology

in major depression, **85–102**Recurrent brief depression, description of,

occurrence of, 10 Refeeding, gastrointestinal sequelae of, 667 Reflux, during refeeding, 668 Relapse, in major depression, clinical variables in, 98–99

Relationships, of patient with cardiovascular disease, 619 physician-patient, in managed care, 460– 461

Reliability, as concept, 73–74 comparison with validity, 73–74 of diagnosis, in mood disorders, 15–16, 73–84

of psychiatric diagnosis, 75–76 internal consistency of test and, 76 joint rating of, 76 sources of unreliability and, 77 structured interview and, 77–78 test-retest assessment for, 76–76

studies of, 78–82 discussion of, 82–83 DSM-II, 78 DSM-III, 78–79 DSM-III-R, 79–80 DSM-IV Mood Disorders Field Trial, results of, 81–82
Remittive drugs, in rheumatoid arthritis, psychiatric side effects of, 579–580
Renal disease, with depression, psychostimulants in, 335

design and procedures of, 80

psychostimulants in, 335 Reproductive function, in anorexia

nervosa, 672 Research Diagnostic Criteria (RDC), categories of depression, 109 in Collaborative Depression Study,

92–93 Reserpine, in treatment-resistant depression, 396

Respiratory insufficiency, treatmentresistant depression in, 338

Respiratory system, abnormalities in, chronic fatigue syndrome and, 558 Rheumatoid arthritis (RA), coping styles

and, 578 depression and, 579 description of, 576–577 laboratory findings in, 577 medications for, psychiatric side effects of, 579–580

multidisciplinary approach to, 580 personality profile and, 577–578 psychiatric aspects of, 577–580 psychoimmunologic aspects of, 578–579 treatment of, compliance with, 581

depression in, 580 pain in, 580 psychosocial status and, 580–581

Rheumatology. See also Rheumatoid arthritis (RA); Systemic lupus erythematosus (SLE). psychiatric aspects of, 575–587

rheumatologic diseases, autoimmune mechanisms in, 575–576 stressful psychosocial events and, 576 Risperidone, in psychotic depression,

treatment-resistant, 242–243 Rituals, in twelve-step programs, 837

S-adenosyl-methionine (SAMe), in treatment-resistant depression, 393 SADS (Schedule for Affective Disorders and Schizophrenia) in Collaborative Depression Study, 92–93

Salicylates, psychiatric side effects of, 579 SAM (S-adenosyl-methionine), in

treatment-resistant depression, 393 SAS-SR (Social Adjustment Scale–Selfreport), 4

Schedule for Affective Disorders and Schizophrenia (SADS) in Collaborative Depression Study, 92–93

Schneider, depressive psychopathology in, 104–105 SCID. See Structured Clinical Interview for DSM-III-R (SCID).

Second messenger system modulators, in treatment-resistant depression, 393 Seizures, in systemic lupus erythematosus,

583

Selective serotonin reuptake inhibitors (SSRIs), augmentation of, lithium in, 382

tricyclic antidepressants in, 376, 381-382

cardiac effects of, 496

cardiovascular disease and, 506 drug interactions with, 501-503, 621 extrapyramidal side effects of, 505

for chronic depression, 130

high-dose therapy with, 389–390 in chronic depression, 130 in chronic fatigue syndrome, 566 in geriatric patients, 275–276

in heart disease patients, 620–621 in hepatic and renal disease, 505 in medically ill patients, 495–496

in treatment-resistant depression, in cardiovascular disease, 333–335 in children and adolescents, 254–255 in gastrointestinal disorders, 338–339 response to, in double-blind studies,

response to, in double-blind 189–193

with neuroleptics, for psychotic depression, 244

Selegeline, in refractory depression, 339 Self-efficacy, chronic pain and, 600 Self-monitoring, in individual

psychotherapy, 162

Self-multilation, posttraumatic, in women with eating disorders, 776–777
Self-stargation, gastrointestinal sequelae of

Self-starvation, gastrointestinal sequelae of, 666

Serotonergic system, chronic fatigue syndrome and, 559 in delirium, 438–439

Serotonin system modulators. See also Selective serotonin reuptake inhibitors (SSRIs).

in augmentation strategies, 390–391 Sertraline, drug interactions with, 503 in dysthymia, versus imipramine versus placebo for, 125–126

Sexuality, conflicted in eating-disorder patient, feminist and psychoanalytical perspectives on, 821–822

Shame, bodily, in women with eating disorders, 779

Siblings, of seriously ill children, psychiatric sequelae in, 483–484 Sleep abnormalities, chronic fatigue

syndrome and, 558

Sleep deprivation, in treatment-resistant depression, 398

in bipolar disorder, 222

Social Adjustment Scale-Self-report (SAS-SR), in DSM-IV Mood Disorders Field Trial, 4

Social impairment, in chronic depression, pharmacotherapy and, 127

Social support, antidepressant response and, 271

treatment response in depression and, 186

Sodium, deficiency of, in eating disorders, 665

Somatization, as process, 591

chronic fatigue syndrome and, 554, 559-561

in chronic pain patient, 591-592

posttraumatic, in women with eating disorders, 778–779

primary care outpatient treatment of, 475–476 Specificity research, in chronic depressions

and dysthymic disorder, 56–59 SSRIs. See Selective serotonin reuptake inhibitors (SSRIs).

Starvation, cutaneous complications of, 661 gastrointestinal consequences of, 666-

Stigma, chronic fatigue syndrome patient and, 561

Stress, acute emotional, in sudden cardiac death, 615–616

psychotherapy and, 300-301

Structured clinical interview for DSM-III-R (SCID), in DSM-IV Mood Disorders Field Trial, 3-4, 80, 83

reliability of diagnosis and, 77–78

Structured retrospective recall, Depression Time Line in, 65–66 in differential diagnosis of unipolar de-

pressions, 65–67 Substance abuse, and response to

Substance abuse, and response to antidepressants, 127 anorexia nervosa and, 848 bulimia nervosa and, 854

chronic pain and, 594

mood disorder from, 33 treatment of, as ethical issue, 458

treatment-resistant depression in, 311–327

diagnosis of, 317–318 differential diagnosis of, 318 evaluation of, 314–317 interrelationship of, 311–312 outcome domains in, 312–314 stress and social network in, 317 treatment of, 313–314, 318–320

with depression, treatment response in, 185

Sudden cardiac death, anxiety as risk factors for, 615–616

Suicide, as fatal symptom of mental illness, 415-416 attempted, in eating disorders, 855 in population-based study of affective disorders, 92 physician-assisted and psychiatry, 413psychiatrist versus nonpsychiatrist perspective on, 414-415 terminally-ill patient desire for, 416-417 Sulpiride, in anorexia nervosa, 748-749 in psychotic depression, treatment-resistant, 243 Support network, in twelve-step programs, Survey of Pain Attitudes, 600 Symptom Checklist-90, in binge-eating disorder, 765 Symptomatology in dysthmymic and major depressive disorder, 41-53 Systemic lupus erythematosus (SLE), 581-585 confusion in, 582, 584 corticosteroids in, 584-585 cyclophosphamide in, 585 depression in, 582, 584 description of, 581 laboratory findings in, 581-582 neuropsychiatric problems in, 582-583 psychiatric aspects of, 582-584 psychotic states in, 582, 584

Temperament, depressive, Kraepelin, 104 Terminally ill patient, assisted suicide request of, depression and, 422-423 for pain, 424-425 request for death, authenticity assessment and, 421-422 competency and, 420-421 Testes, in anorexia nervosa, 672 Thalamus, in delirium, 437 Therapeutic relationship, in anorexia treatment, 717 Thinness, culture of, women with eating disorders and, 781-782 Thrombocytopenia, in anorexia nervosa, Thyroid function, in eating disorders, 671-672 Thyroid hormone augmentation, in geriatric patients, 278-279 Tolerance, to antidepressants, 205 to psychostimulants, 540-541 Toronto Day Hospital Group Treatment Program, for eating disorders, administrative structure of, 804-805

admission to, 804

treatment of, 584-585

advantages of day treatment, 805-806 disadvantages of, 806-807 efficacy of, 807-809 financial structure of, 804-805 multidisciplinary approach in, 803-804 treatment goals in, 803 Tractotomy, subcaudate, in treatmentresistant depression, 222, 399 Trait anxiety, psychiatric sequelae of serious childhood illness and, 488 Traits, definition of, 116 in chronic depression, 116 personality, dimensions of, 114 negative and positive, 18-19 Trazodone, cardiac effects of, 621-622 in augmentation strategies, 391 in cardiovascular disease with depression, 334 in geriatric patients, 276 response to, in double-blind studies, 191 Treatment-resistant depression assessment of, instruments for, 183 prospective versus retrospective, 182bipolar, 215-236. See also Bipolar disordefinition of, 215 versus unipolar, 215-216, 232-233 chronic, 183-184, 201-213 chronicity versus, 183-184 cognitive impairment and, 273 comorbidity and, axis II, 287-309. See also Personality disorders; Personality in geriatric patients, 272-274 medical, 202-203, 272-273, 329-350 psychiatric, 202, 215-236, 237-252, 273-274 substance abuse, 311-327 definitions of, 179-181, 201 in bipolar disorder, 218 in children, 253 in elderly, 270 operational, 180, 194 review of, 180 diagnosis of, adequacy of, 372 drug interactions in, 203 environment and, 203 epidemiology of, 186-193 from inadequate treatment, 272 in children and adolescents, 253-267. See also Child(ren) and adolescents, treatment-resistant depression in. in disorders on interface of psychiatry and medicine, 351-369 atypical facial pain, 359-361 chronic fatigue syndrome, 355 common etiologic step in, 351-352, 364-365

fibromyalgia, 353-355

irritable bowel syndrome, 357-359 migraine, 355-357 premenstrual dysphoric disorder, 361psychotropic medications for, 352-353 in elderly patient, 269-286 combination/augmentation strategies in, 278-279 ECT for, 279 pharmacotherapy for, 274-279 sources of, 270-274 in medically ill patient, 329-350 in medically ill patients, 329-350. See also Medically ill patient. in substance abuse disorders, 311-327. See also Substance abuse. in unipolar and bipolar depression, 201predictors of, 203-204 reevaluation of patient history/presentation, 202-203 treatment of, adequacy assessment of, ECT in, 207-208 strategies for, 205-206 incidence of, 371 initial management of, 387-388 methodologic issues in, 184 novel strategies in, 387-405 ECT, 397-398 high-dose antidepressant therapy, 388-392 light therapy, 398 psychopharmacologic agents, 392-397 psychosurgery, 399 psychotherapy, 398 risk:benefit of, 388 sleep deprivation, 398 nutrition and, 203 psychotic, 237-252. See also Psychotic depression (PD). psychsocial obstacles and, 271 recognition failure in, 271 treatment algorithms for, 371-386 alternative, 377, 380-381, 382-383 for monoamine oxidase inhibitors, 377-381 for selective serotonin reuptake inhibitors, 381-382 for tricyclic antidepressants, 374-377 guidelines for, 383 treatment of, dosage and plasma concentrations in, 373-374 duration in, 372-373

problems in, 371-372

unipolar, 201-213

response to, partial versus nonre-

sponse, 181-182, 184-186

versus relapse or recurrence, 181

Tricyclic antidepressants (TCAs), and antiarrhythmias postmyocardial infarction, 509 high-dose therapy with, 388 in atypical facial pain, 361 in bipolar disorder, 297 in cardiovascular disease, 333 in children and adolescents, 254-255 in chronic depression, 130 in chronic pain, 596-597 in diabetes mellitus with depression, 332-333 in fibromyalgia, 353-355 in gastrointestinal disorders, 338 in gastrointestinal disorders with depression, 338 in geriatric patients, 274-275 in heart disease patients, cardiovascular side effects of, 619-620 contraindications to, 620 in hepatic disease with depression, 335 in irritable bowel syndrome, 359 in monoamine oxidase inhibitor augmentation, 379-380 in nonresponders, agent switching in, 374 algorithm for, 375 augmentation of, with lithium carbonate, 375-376 with monoamine oxidase inhibitors. with selective serotonin reuptake inhibitors, 376-377 with triiodothyronine, 376 psychostimulants versus, 515-516 response to, in double-blind studies, 188, 190, 192-193 side effects of, 515-516 tamoxifen effect on, 338 Triiodothyronine (T₃), adjunctive, in treatment-resistant depression, 207 in antidepressant augmentation, 376 Twelve steps and twelve traditions program, 829-831. See also Laureate Program. for eating disorders, modifications of, 831-832 powerlessness concept in, 832 religious versus spiritual orientation in, 831-832

Unipolar depression, 201–213 as clinical challenge, 60 diagnosis of, 14 differential diagnosis of, 65–67

interpretation of, 830-831

artery disease risk, 614

Type A behavior pattern, as coronary

Unipolar depression (Continued)
treatment-resistant, adequacy of treatment in, 204–206
combination therapy in, 206–207
nonpharmacologic treatment of, 207–
208
pharmacotherapy in, 206–207
predictors of 203–204

predictors of, 203-204 versus bipolar, 215-216, 232-233

Validation, constant validation method in,

of psychiatric diagnostic criteria, 74–75 five-phase approach in, 74–75 types of, construct, 75 face, 74

Validity, comparison with reliability, 73-74 Valproate, in treatment-resistant depression, 393

Valproic acid, in migraine prophylaxis, 597 Venlafaxime, in medically ill patient pharmacokinetics of, 506–507

Venlafaxine, high-dose therapy with, 390 in cardiovascular disease with depression, 334

in geriatric patients, 277 Verapamil, in psychotic depression, 245 Viral infection, chronic fatigue syndrome and, 557–558 Vitamin status, in anorexia nervosa, 703 Vomiting, in bulimia nervosa, selfinduced, 706–707 in eating disorders, cutaneous complications of, 661–662 gastrointestinal sequelae of, 667–668 metabolic acidosis from, 666

Weight, attitude toward, 693–694 in bulimia nervosa, 706–707 sports' requirements, eating disorders and, 695

Weight restoration, in anorexia nervosa, 726–731 cognitive restructuring in, 730–731 coping strategies for, 727–728, 730 pattern of regular eating for, 726–727 problem-solving for, 727–729, 736–737 weight range recommendation for, 726

Women, borderline personality in, 293–294 major depression in, 94, 98

Zinc deficiency, in anorexia nervosa, 705–706

Zurich study, of chronicity in affective disorders, 89

